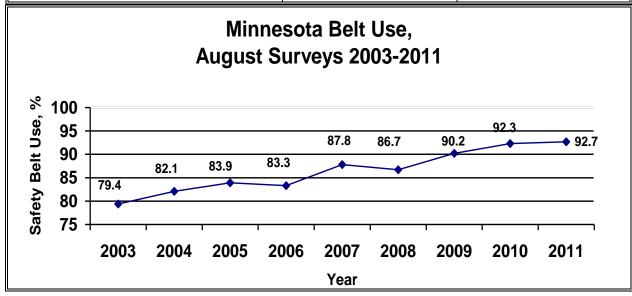


DIRECT OBSERVATION OF SAFETY BELT USE IN MINNESOTA: AUGUST 2011

Summary

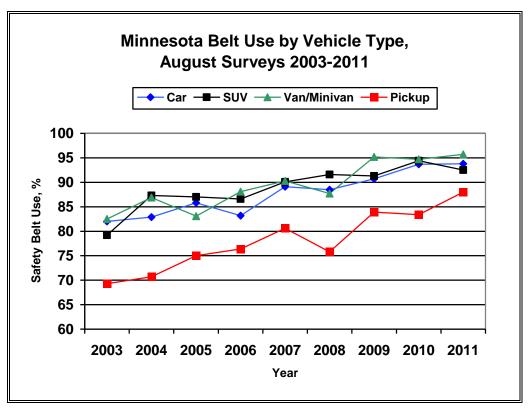
- Data were collected at 240 sites in the 37 Minnesota Counties covering 85% of Minnesota's population
- Data were collected August 4 30, 2011 from 7:00 am to 6:00 pm
- 11,025 front seat occupants of Passengers Cars, Sport Utility Vehicles, Pickup Trucks and Vans/Minivans were observed
- Statewide safety belt use rate during August 2011 was 92.7 ± 1.1 percent
- Use lowest for pickup truck occupants (88.0%); highest for van/minivan occupants (95.7%)
- 4.7% of drivers were using a hand-held cell phone meaning approximately 17,625 drivers were using cell phones on Minnesota roads during any given daylight hour

Percent Shoulder Belt Use by Vehicle Type							
	Percent Use	Unweighted Observations					
Passenger Cars	93.8 ± 1.0%	5,305					
Sport Utility Vehicles	92.5 ± 2.3%	2,585					
Vans/Minivans	95.7 ± 1.4%	1,421					
Pickup Trucks	88.0 ± 2.9%	1,714					
STATE OF MINNESOTA	92.7 ± 1.1%	11,025					



Vehicle Type

The following figure shows the estimated statewide safety belt use rate by type of vehicle for Minnesota over the last nine years. As can be seen in this figure, belt use for cars, SUVs, and van/minivans were roughly the same during each survey wave. Safety belt use in pickup trucks, however, has been consistently lower than for other vehicle types. One positive note is that safety belt use for pickup trucks occupants has been increasing at a faster rate than for the other three vehicle types.



Motorcycle Helmet Use

The current survey recorded helmet use of motorcyclists that happened to be observed during the safety belt data collection. Because the safety belt survey design was based on travel patterns of passenger vehicles in Minnesota instead of motorcycle patterns and the low number of motorcycles seen in the survey (156 motorcyclists observed), no weighting of these data were performed. Instead, we present the unweighted helmet use rates so that a picture of the helmet use patterns in Minnesota can be realized.

August 2011 Motorcycle Helmet Use in Minnesota						
	Percent	Unweighted				
	Use	Observations				
<u>Overall</u>	57.1	156				
Gender						
Male	52.9	119				
Female	64.3	28				
<u>Position</u>						
Driver	55.6	133				
Passenger	65.2	23				

Minnesota Belt Use: August 2011 Percent Shoulder Belt Use and Unweighted Observations (N) by Vehicle Type and Subgroup

	All Vehicles		Car		SUV		Van/Minivan		Pickup Truck	
	Percent Use	N	Percent Use	N	Percent Use	N	Percent Use	N	Percent Use	N
<u>Overall</u>										
	92.7	11,025	93.8	5,305	92.5	2,585	95.7	1,421	88.0	1,714
Site Type Intersection Exit Ramp Time of Day	92.2 93.9	5,949 5,076	94.0 93.4	•		1,442 1,143		743 678		-
7 - 9 a.m. 9 - 11 a.m. 11 - 1 p.m. 1 - 3 p.m. 3 - 5 p.m. 5 - 7 p.m.	95.2 88.9 93.4 93.3 92.9 93.9	1,799 2,009 2,207 2,348 2,223 439	93.1 94.4 95.0	932 990	87.6 94.5 90.8 90.2	413 480 537 530 529 96	93.7 97.7 97.8 92.3	196 265 293 307 278 82	86.4 81.1 89.7 90.0 90.2 94.2	251 332 387 366 316 62
Day of Week Monday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday Friday Saturday Sunday	93.4 89.3 91.7 90.1 91.6 95.7 94.2	1,207 1,516 1,129 1,012 3,148 1,899 1,114	93.3	541 673 569 499	97.1 90.6 91.8 86.8 86.7 96.7	279 358 238 283 724 454 249	98.3 91.7 94.4 95.0 99.2 94.1	145 191 157 118 393 234 183	87.5 79.6 82.8 84.2 94.1 94.9	242 294 165 112 385
Weather Sunny Cloudy Rainy	91.8 93.1 64.3	7,014 3,674 337		1,732	90.4 93.4 65.4	1,630 867 88	96.2	907 462 52	86.0 88.7 64.5	1,046 613 55
<u>Sex</u> Male Female	90.4 95.4	5,964 5,033	90.6 96.2	2,602 2,687	92.0 93.1	1,229 1,348		760 659	87.2 90.8	-
Age 0 - 10 11 - 15 16 - 29 30 - 64 65 - Up	92.9 92.3 91.3 93.0 96.6	196 3,596	93.9	76 2,153	89.3	13 64 695 1,698 109	100 95.0 95.5	4 29 326 951 111	95.6 88.3 84.1 88.9 87.7	27
Driver Passenger	93.2 92.6	8,713 2,312		4,273 1,032		2,020 565		1,048 373		-

DISCUSSION

The statewide safety belt use survey showed that Minnesota has reached a milestone in statewide belt use, with the rate of 92.7 percent being the highest ever achieved in Minnesota. This increase in belt use can be directly attributed to the passage and continued enforcement of Minnesota's primary safety belt law.

Analysis of safety belt use by the various subgroups showed that there are several areas on which Minnesota should continue to focus efforts to increase safety belt use. One of the lowest use group discovered was young people, particularly males in pickup trucks. While this group has historically been found to have lower safety belt use than other groups, it is also the group in which the biggest gains in traffic-crash-related-injury reduction can be found. On a per mile driven basis, young drivers in the US have the highest rate of involvement in fatal crashes of any age group and their fatality rates are nearly four times greater than the comparable rate for drivers age 26 to 65 (Eby, Molnar, & St. Louis, 2008). Teenage drivers have by far the highest fatal crash involvement rate of any age group, based on number of licensed drivers. Motor vehicle injury rates also show that teenagers continue to have vastly higher rates than the population in general.

We discovered that the difference in safety belt use between males and females is continuing to decrease. This narrowing of the difference in use between sexes shows that the primary enforcement law has had a large effect on men and only a slight effect on women. It will be important to continue to design and implement programs that target young men for increased belt use, as it is likely that over time, belt use for this group will level off.

The preceding information was taken from the report "Minnesota Safety Belt and Motorcycle Helmet Use: August, 2011" by David W. Eby, Jonathon M. Vivoda and John Cavanagh. This report was funded by the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration through the Office of Traffic Safety. For more information see the complete report on the Minnesota Department of Public Safety, Office of Traffic Safety web site at: default.aspx